1. Evaluate the integral
$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x \int_y^x \frac{z}{2} \, \mathrm{d}z \, \mathrm{d}y \, \mathrm{d}x$$

- 2. Find the volume of the region bound by the plane 4x + 3y + 6z = 12 and the coordinate planes (i.e. $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$ and $z \ge 0$).
- 3. Find the surface area of the region of the hemisphere $z = \sqrt{4 x^2 y^2}$ contained in the contained in the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$. (HINT: Write the formula in rectangular coordinates and convert to polar coordinates.)
- 4. Consider the sum of two integrals: $\int_{-4}^{0} \int_{y/4}^{\sqrt{y+4}-1} xy \, dx \, dy + \int_{0}^{4} \int_{y/4}^{1} xy \, dx \, dy.$ Note that both integrals have the same integrand.
 - (a) Sketch the domain of integration.
 - (b) Change the order of integration to dy dx. You will see that it is possible to write it as a single integral. (HINT: Solve $x = \sqrt{y+4} 1$ for y)
- 5. Use cylindrical coordinates to find the volume between the two paraboloids $z = 4 x^2 y^2$ and $z = -4 + x^2 + y^2$. (HINT: Setup the integral in rectangular coordinates and convert to cylindrical coordinates.)
- 6. Given F(x, y, z) = (yz) i + (xz) j + (xy) k and f(x, y, z) = xyz find the following if they exist. Otherwise say why they do not exist.
 - (a) curl \boldsymbol{F} (b) div \boldsymbol{F} (c) curl (div \boldsymbol{F}) (d) $\nabla^2 f$ (e) div (grad f)
- 7. Evaluate line integral $\oint_C x^2 y \, ds$ where, C is the closed path $O \to A \to B \to O$ shown in figure 1.
- 8. (a) Show that $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (xy^2z^2)\mathbf{i} + (x^2yz^2)\mathbf{j} + (x^2y^2z)\mathbf{k}$ is a conservative vector field.
 - (b) Find the scalar potential f for this vector field.
 - (c) Evaluate the line integral $\int_C \mathbf{F} \bullet d\mathbf{R}$ over the path $O \to A \to B$ given in figure 2.





Figure 1: Figure for problem 7

Figure 2: Figure for problem 8c